S SCHMERSAL

EN	Operating instructions Original	.pages	1	to	8
----	---------------------------------	--------	---	----	---

Co			- 4
	n h	(a)	0.11

1	About this document
1.1	Function
1.2	Target group: authorised qualified personnel
1.3	Explanation of the symbols used
1.4	Appropriate use
1.5	General safety instructions
	Warning about misuse
	Exclusion of liability
	,
2	Product description
2.1	Ordering code
	Special versions2
	Purpose
	Technical data
	Safety classification
2.0	curacy diagonication
3	Mounting
	General mounting instructions
	Dimensions
0	Dimensions
4	Electrical connection
4 1	General information for electrical connection
	Control information for closurous connection.
5	Operating principle and settings
-	LED functions
	Description of the terminals
	Circuit technical notes
0.0	Oncore technical notes
6	Set-up and maintenance
	Functional testing
	Maintenance
0.2	Walltonanoc
7	Disassembly and disposal
•	Disassembly and disposal Disassembly 5
7.1	Disassembly
7.1	·

8	Αpı	pen	dix
•	, .P	~~	

8.1	Wiring examples	. 5
	Start configuration	
	Sensor configuration	
8 4	Actuator configuration	7

EU Declaration of conformity

1. About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for the mounting, set-up and commissioning to ensure the safe operation and disassembly of the safety-monitoring module. the operating instructions must be available in a legible condition and a complete version in the vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group: authorised qualified personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out by trained specialist personnel, authorised by the plant operator only.

Please make sure that you have read and understood these operating instructions and that you know all applicable legislations regarding occupational safety and accident prevention prior to installation and putting the component into operation.

The machine builder must carefully select the harmonised standards to be complied with as well as other technical specifications for the selection, mounting and integration of the components.

1.3 Explanation of the symbols used



Information, hint, note:

This symbol is used for identifying useful additional information.



Caution: Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to failures or malfunctions.

Warning: Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to physical injury and/or damage to the machine.

1.4 Appropriate use

Products in Schmersal's range are not intended to be used by private end consumers.

The products described in these operating instructions are developed to execute safety-related functions as part of an entire plant or machine. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of a machine or plant to ensure the correct functionality of the entire machine or plant.

The safety-monitoring module must be exclusively used in accordance with the versions listed below or for the applications authorised by the manufacturer. Detailed information regarding the range of applications can be found in the chapter "Product description".

1.5 General safety instructions

The user must observe the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.



Further technical information can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: products.schmersal.com.

The information contained in this operating instructions manual is provided without liability and is subject to technical modifications.

There are no residual risks, provided that the safety instructions as well as the instructions regarding mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance are observed.

SRB308IT

max. 40 Ω

1.6 Warning about misuse



In case of inadequate or improper use or manipulations of the safety-monitoring module, personal hazards or damage to machinery or plant components cannot be excluded. The relevant requirements of the standard EN ISO 14119 must be

1.7 Exclusion of liability

We shall accept no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from defective mounting or failure to comply with this operating instructions manual. The manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from the use of unauthorised spare parts or accessories.

For safety reasons, invasive work on the device as well as arbitrary repairs, conversions and modifications to the device are strictly forbidden; the manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from such invasive work, arbitrary repairs, conversions and/or modifications to the device.

The safety-monitoring module must only be used when the enclosure is closed, i.e. with the front cover fitted.

2. Product description

2.1 Ordering code

This operating instructions manual applies to the following types:

SRB308IT-①

No.	Option	Description
1	24V	24VDC/24VAC
	115V	115VAC
	230V	230VAC



Only if the information described in this operating instructions manual are realised correctly, the safety function and therefore the compliance with the Machinery Directive is maintained.

2.2 Special versions

For special versions, which are not listed in the order code below 2.1, these specifications apply accordingly, provided that they correspond to the standard version.

2.3 Purpose

The safety-monitoring modules for integration in safety circuits are designed for fitting in control cabinets. They are used for the safe evaluation of the signals of positive break position switches or magnetic safety sensors for safety functions on sliding, hinged and removable safety guards as well as emergency stop control devices and AOPD's.

The safety function is defined as the opening of enabling circuits 13-14, 23-24 and 33-34 when the inputs S11-S12 and/or S21-S22 and/or S31-S32 are opened. The safety-relevant current paths with the output contacts 13-14, 23-24 and 33-34 meet the following requirements under observation of a B_{10D} value assessment (also refer to "Requirements to EN ISO 13849-1"):

- Control category 4 PL e to EN ISO 13849-1
- SIL 3 to IEC 61508
- SIL CL 3 to EN 62061

To determine the Performance Level (PL) of the entire safety function (e.g. sensor, logic, actuator) to EN ISO 13849-1, an analysis of all relevant components is required.



The entire concept of the control system in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to the relevant standards.

2.4 Technical data General data	
Standards:	EN 60204-1, EN 60947-5-1,
	EN ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508
Climate resistance:	EN 60068-2-78
Mounting:	Snaps onto standard rail to EN 60715
Terminal designations:	EN 60947-1
Material of the housings:	Plastic, glass-fibre reinforced
	thermoplastic, ventilated
Material of the contacts:	AgSnO, self-cleaning, positive drive
Weight:	24 VDC / 24 VAC: 340 g
	115 VAC / 230 VAC: 400 g
Start conditions: Automa	tic or start button (optionally monitored)
Feedback circuit (Y/N):	yes
Pull-in delay for automatic start:	typ. 60 ms
Pull-in delay with reset button:	typ. 200 ms
Drop-out delay in case of emerge	
Drop-out delay on "supply failure	": On request
Mechanical data	· ·
Connection type:	Screw connection
Cable section:	min. 0,25 mm² / max. 2,5 mm²
Connecting cable:	rigid or flexible
Tightening torque for the termina	
With removable terminals (Y/N):	yes
Mechanical life:	10 million operations
Electrical life:	Derating curve available on request
Resistance to shock:	10 g / 11 ms
Resistance to vibrations to EN 60	
	amplitude 0.35 mm
Ambient conditions	·
Ambient temperature:	−25 °C +45 °C
Storage and transport temperatu	
Degree of protection:	Enclosure: IP40
	Terminals: IP20
	Clearance: IP54
Air clearances and creepage dist	ances to EN 60664-1: 4 kV/2
1 0	(basic insulation)
EMC rating:	to EMC Directive
Electrical data	
Contact resistance in new state:	max. 100 mΩ
Power consumption:	max. 3 W / 3 VA
Rated operating voltage U _e :	24 VDC: 15% / +20%.
	Residual ripple max. 10%
230	VAC / 115 VAC / 24 VAC: 15% / +10%
Frequency range:	50 / 60 Hz
Fuse rating for the operating volt	
3 1 3	tripping current > 0.5 Å,
Res	et after disconnection of supply voltage
Monitored inputs	
Cross-wire detection (Y/N):	Yes
Wire breakage detection (Y/N):	Yes
Earth leakage detection (Y/N):	Yes
Number of NO contacts:	0
Number of NC contacts:	
Cable length:	1,500 m with 1.5 mm²,
Can long an	2,500 m with 2.5 mm²,
	1-channel, 2-channel with/without
	cross-wire short detection
	5.555 1110 011011 4010011011

Conduction resistance:

Operating instructions Safety-monitoring module

Outputs

Number of safety contacts:	3
Number of auxiliary contacts:	2
Number of signalling outputs:	6
Switching capacity of the safety contacts:	13-14; 23-24; 33-34:

max. 250 V, 6 A ohmic (inductive in case of appropriate protective wiring);

AC-15 / DC-13

case of app	propriate protective wiring);
	min. 10 V / 10 mA
Switching capacity of the auxiliary contacts:	41-42 / 53-54:
	24 VDC / 2 A
Switching capacity of the signalling outputs:	24 VDC: max. 10 mA
Fuse rating of the safety contacts:	6.3 A slow blow
Recommended fuse for the auxiliary contacts	2 A slow blow
Fuse rating of the signalling outputs:	internal electronic fuse,
	tripping current F2,
	tripping current > 100 mA

The data specified in this manual are applicable when the component is operated with rated operating voltage $U_e \pm 0\%$.

2.5 Safety classification

Utilisation category to EN 60947-5-1:

Standards:	EN ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508
PL:	Stop 0: up to e
Category:	Stop 0: up to 4
DC:	Stop 0: 99% (high)
CCF:	> 65 points
PFH value:	≤ 2.00 × 10 ⁻⁸ /h
SIL:	Stop 0: up to 3
Mission time:	20 years

The PFH value of 2.00 × 10^{-8} /h applies to the combinations of contact load (current through enabling contacts) and number of switching cycles (n_{ophy}) mentioned in the table below. At 365 operating days per year and a 24-hours operation, this results in the below-mentioned switching cycle times (t_{cycle}) for the relay contacts. Diverging applications upon request.

Contact load	n _{op/y}	t _{cycle}
20 %	525,600	1.0 min
40 %	210,240	2.5 min
60 %	75,087	7.0 min
80 %	30,918	17.0 min
100 %	12,223	43.0 min

3. Mounting

3.1 General mounting instructions

Mounting: snaps onto standard rails to EN 60715.

Snap the bottom of the enclosure slightly tilted forwards in the rail and push up until it latches in position.



To avoid EMC disturbances, the physical ambient and operational conditions at the place where the product is installed, must meet the provisions laid down in the paragraph "Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)" of EN 60204-1.

3.2 Dimensions

Device dimensions (H/W/D): $100 \times 45 \times 121$ mm with plugged-in terminals: $120 \times 45 \times 121$ mm

4. Electrical connection

4.1 General information for electrical connection



The electrical connection may only be carried out by authorised personnel in a de-energised condition.



As far as the electrical safety is concerned, the protection against unintentional contact of the connected and therefore electrically interconnected apparatus and the insulation of the feed cables must be designed for the highest voltage, which can occur in the device.

Settle length x of the conductor: 7 mm



Wiring examples: see appendix

5. Operating principle and settings

5.1 LED functions

- · K1: Status start relay
- K2: Status channel 1
- K3: Status channel 2
- U_i: Status internal operating voltage (LED is on, when the operating voltage on the terminals A1-A2 is ON and the internal hybrid fuse has not been triggered)
- U_B: Status operating voltage (LED is on, when the operating voltage on the terminals A1-A2 is ON)

5.2 Description of the terminals

Voltages:	A1	+24 VDC / 24 VAC
	A2	0 VDC / 0 VAC
		Other versions:
	A1-A2	48 VAC / 115 VAC / 230 VAC
	A1.1	Supply of the semi-conductor outputs (24 VDC)
Inputs:	S11-S12	Input channel 1
	S21-S22	Input channel 2
	S31-S32	Input channel 2 for cross-wire detection:
Outputs:	13-14	First safety enabling circuit (stop 0)
	23-24	Second safety enabling circuit (STOP 0)
	33-34	Third safety enabling circuit (stop 0)
	41-42	Auxiliary NC contact
	53-54	Auxiliary NO contact
Start:	X1-X2	Feedback circuit
	X3	Supply start
	X4	Manual start (reset button)
	X5	Automatic start
	X6	Endless time offset
Signalling	Y1	Operating voltage
outputs:	Y2	Internal voltage
	Y3	Status channel 1
	Y4	Status channel 2
	Y5	Status feedback circuit
	Y6	Status start relay (K1)
DIP switch	1	Monitored start
AF	0	Automatic start

5.3 Circuit technical notes

Indications

Status	A Module off	B Module off	C Module started	D Module started	E Module on
Y1 – Operating voltage	1	1	1	1	1
Y2 – internal voltage	1	1	1	1	1
Y3 – channel 1 (S11-S12)	0	1	1	1	1
Y4 – channel 2 (S21-S22, S31-S32)	0	1	1	1	1
Y5 – Feedback circuit	1	1	1	1	0
Y6 – Relays K1	0	0	0	1	0
41-42 – Auxiliary NC contact	1	1	1	1 → 0	0
53-54 – Auxiliary NO contact	0	0	0	0 → 1	1

A: operating voltage is on, safety guard open, feedback circuit closed

- B: operating voltage is on, safety guard closed, feedback circuit closed
 C: operating voltage is on, safety guard closed, feedback circuit closed, reset button actuated
- D: operating voltage is on, safety guard closed, feedback circuit closed, reset button released
- E: operating voltage is on, safety guard closed, feedback circuit open

Opening the front cover (see Fig. 2)

- To open the front cover, insert a slotted screwdriver in the top and bottom cover notch and gently lift it.
- When the front cover is open, the electrostatic discharge requirements must be respected and observed.
- · After setting, the front cover must be fitted back in position.



Only touch the components after electrical discharge!



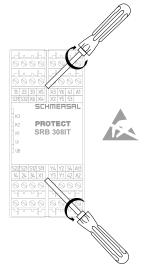


Fig. 1 Fig. 2

Setting the switch (see Fig. 3)

- The "automatic start" or "trailing edge" function is programmed by means of the switch underneath the front cover of the safetymonitoring module.
- The switch must only be operated in de-energised condition by means of a finger or an insulated blunt tool.
- Pos. AF = 1 (LHS, condition on delivery): the external reset button is monitored for a "trailing edge"
- Pos. AF = 0 (RHS): "automatic start" programme d



Only touch the components after electrical discharge!

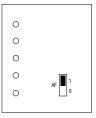




Fig. 3 Condition on delivery AF = 1



Signalling outputs must not be used in safety circuits.



Due to the operating principle of the electronic fuse, the customer must check that no hazard is caused by an unexpected restart in circuits without reset button (automatic reset).

6. Set-up and maintenance

6.1 Functional testing

The safety function of the safety-monitoring module must be tested.

The following conditions must be previously checked and met:

- 1. Correct fixing
- 2. Check the integrity of the cable entry and connections
- 3. Check the safety-monitoring module's enclosure for damage.
- Check the electrical function of the connected sensors and their influence on the safety-monitoring module and the downstream actuators

6.2 Maintenance

A regular visual inspection and functional test, including the following steps, is recommended:

- 1. Check the correct fixing of the safety-monitoring module
- 2. Check the cable for damages
- 3. Check electrical function



If a manual functional check is necessary to detect a possible accumulation of faults, then this must take place during the intervals noted as follows:

- at least every month for PL e with category 3 or category 4 (according to EN ISO 13849-1) or SIL 3 with HFT (hardware fault tolerance) = 1 (according to EN 62061);
- at least every 12 months for PL d with category 3 (according to EN ISO 13489-1) or SIL 2 with HFT (hardware fault tolerance) = 1 (according to EN 62061).

Damaged or defective components must be replaced.

7. Disassembly and disposal

7.1 Disassembly

The safety-monitoring module must be disassembled in a de-energised condition only.

Push up the bottom of the enclosure and hang out slightly tilted forwards.

7.2 Disposal

The safety-monitoring module must be disposed of in an appropriate manner in accordance with the national prescriptions and legislations.

8. Appendix

8.1 Wiring examples

- Relay outputs: Suitable for 2-channel control, for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positiveguided contacts.
- The control system recognises wire-breakage, earth faults and crosswire shorts in the monitoring circuit.
- 🐵 = Feedback circuit

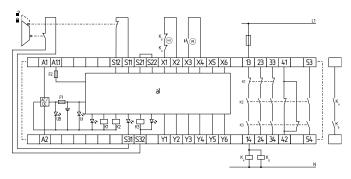


Fig. 4 a) Logic

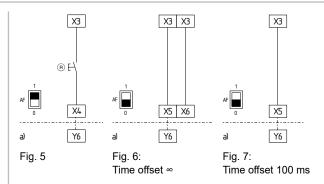
8.2 Start configuration

External reset button (with edge detection) (see Fig. 5)

- The external reset button is integrated as shown.
- The function "trailing edge" is set by means of the "AF" switch located at the front of the enclosure (switch position = 1).
- The safety-monitoring module is activated by the reset (after release)
 of the reset button (= detection of the trailing edge). Faults in the reset
 button, e.g. welded contacts or manipulations which could lead to an
 inadvertent restart, are detected in this configuration and will result in
 an inhibition of the operation.

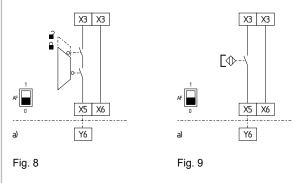
Automatic start (see Fig. 6 and 7)

- The automatic start is programmed by connecting the feedback circuit to the terminals X3-X5.
- The time offset between the channels 1 and 2 is approx. 100 ms. An endless time offset between the channels 1 and 2 is programmed by bridging the terminals X3-X6.
- Caution: Not admitted without additional measure due to the risk of gaining access by stepping behind!
- Caution: within the meaning of EN 60204-1 paragraph 9.2.3.4.2, the operating mode "automatic start" is only restrictedly admissible. In particular, any inadvertent restart of the machine must be prevented by other suitable measures.



Start-up test (see fig. 8 and 9)

 As contacts for the start-up test additional auxiliary contacts must be provided.



8.3 Sensor configuration

Single-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to EN ISO 13850 and EN 60947-5-5 (see Fig. 10)

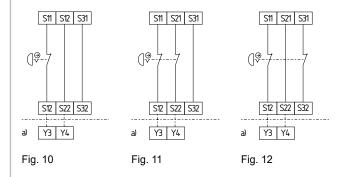
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cat. 1 PL c according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.

Dual-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to EN ISO 13850 and EN 60947-5-5 (see Fig. 11)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are not detected.
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable. (with protected cable laying)

Dual-channel emergency stop circuit with command devices to EN ISO 13850 and EN 60947-5-5 (see Fig. 12)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are detected.
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.



Single-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking devices to EN ISO 14119 (see Fig. 13)

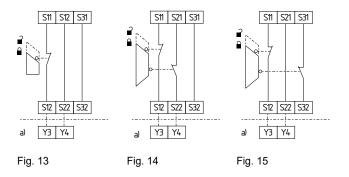
- At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cat. 1 PL c according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.

Dual-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking device to EN ISO 14119 (see Fig. 14)

- At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the monitoring circuits are not detected.
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable. (with protected cable laying)

Dual-channel guard door monitoring circuit with interlocking device to EN ISO 14119 (see Fig. 15)

- · At least one contact with positive break required.
- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the guard monitoring circuits are detected.
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.



Dual-channel control of a safety-related electronic (microprocessor-based) safety guard with p-type transistor outputs e.g. AOPD's to EN 61496 (see Fig. 16)

- Wire breakage and earth leakage in the control circuits are detected.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are usually detected by the safety guards. The safety-monitoring module therefore is not equipped with a cross-wire short detection here.
- · Possible control categories:
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable if crosscircuits in the control circuits are detected by the protective device

Dual-channel control of magnetic safety switches according to EN 60947-5-3 (see Fig. 17)

- The control system recognises wire-breakage and earth faults in the control circuit.
- · Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are not detected.
- Cat. 3 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.

Dual-channel control of magnetic safety switches according to EN 60947-5-3 (see Fig. 18)

- The control system recognises wire-breakage and earth faults in the control circuit.
- Cross-wire shorts between the control circuits are detected.
- Cat. 4 PL e according to EN ISO 13849-1 achievable.



The connection of magnetic safety switches to the SRB308IT safety-monitoring module is only admitted when the requirements of the standard EN 60947-5-3 are observed.

As the technical data are regarded, the following minimum requirements must be met:

- switching capacity: min. 1.4 mW
- switching voltage: min. 28 VDC
- switching current: min. 50 mA



For example, the following safety sensors meet the requirements:

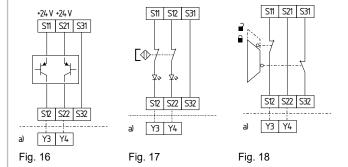
- BNS 33-02Z-2187
- BNS 260-02Z
- BNS 260-02/01Z



When sensors with LED are wired in the control circuit (protective circuit), the following rated operating voltage must be observed and respected:

- 24 VDC with a max. tolerance of -5 %/+ 20 %

Otherwise availability problems could occur, especially in series-wired sensors, where a voltage drop in the control circuit is triggered by LED's for instance.



8.4 Actuator configuration

Single-channel control with feedback circuit (see Fig. 19)

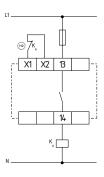
- Suitable for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positive-guided contacts.
- If the feedback circuit is not required, establish a bridge.
- (w) = feedback circuit:

 If the feedback circuit is not required, establish a bridge.

Dual-channel control with feedback circuit (see Fig. 20)

- Suitable for increase in capacity or number of contacts by means of contactors or relays with positive-guided contacts.
- @ = feedback circuit:

 If the feedback circuit is not required, establish a bridge.



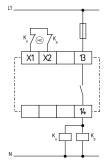


Fig. 19

Fig. 20

9. EU Declaration of conformity

EU Declaration of conformity

9 SCHMERSAL

Original K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG

Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal Germany

Internet: www.schmersal.com

We hereby certify that the hereafter described components both in their basic design and construction conform

to the applicable European Directives.

Name of the component: SRB308IT

Description of the component: Safety-monitoring module for emergency stop circuits,

guard door monitoring, magnetic safety switches and AOPDs

Relevant Directives: 2006/42/EC Machinery Directive

EMC-Directive 2014/30/EU RoHS-Directive 2011/65/EU

Applied standards: EN 60947-5-1:2004 + AC:2005 + A1:2009

EN 60947-5-1:2017 EN ISO 13849-1:2015 EN ISO 13849-2:2012

Notified body, which approved the full quality assurance sys-

tem, referred to in Appendix X,

2006/42/EC:

TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH

Am Grauen Stein, 51105 Köln

ID n°: 0035

Person authorised for the compilation

of the technical documentation:

Oliver Wacker Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal

Place and date of issue: Wuppertal, December 7, 2021

> Authorised signature Philip Schmersal Managing Director

SRB308IT-E-EN

i

The currently valid declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the internet at products.schmersal.com.





Möddinghofe 30, 42279 Wuppertal

Germany

Phone: +49 202 6474-0 Telefax: +49 202 6474-100 E-Mail: info@schmersal.com Internet: www.schmersal.com