

EN

7 Set-up and maintenance

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10 EU Declaration of conformity

1. About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for the mounting, set-up and commissioning to ensure the safe operation and disassembly of the safety switchgear. The operating instructions must be available in a legible condition and a complete version in the vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group: authorised qualified personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out by trained specialist personnel, authorised by the plant operator only.

Please make sure that you have read and understood these operating instructions and that you know all applicable legislations regarding occupational safety and accident prevention prior to installation and putting the component into operation.

The machine builder must carefully select the harmonised standards to be complied with as well as other technical specifications for the selection, mounting and integration of the components.

1.3 Explanation of the symbols used



Information, hint, note: This symbol indicates useful additional information.

Caution: Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to failures or malfunctions. **Warning:** Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to physical injury and/or damage to the machine.

1.4 Appropriate use

The Schmersal range of products is not intended for private consumers.

The products described in these operating instructions are developed to execute safety-related functions as part of an entire plant or machine. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of a machine or plant to ensure the correct functionality of the entire machine or plant.

The safety switchgear must be exclusively used in accordance with the versions listed below or for the applications authorised by the manufacturer. Detailed information regarding the range of applications can be found in the chapter "Product description".

1.5 General safety instructions

The user must observe the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, labelled with the caution or warning symbol above, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.

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(EN)



Further technical information can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: products.schmersal.com.

The information contained in this operating instructions manual is provided without liability and is subject to technical modifications.

There are no residual risks, provided that the safety instructions as well as the instructions regarding mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance are observed.

1.6 Warning about misuse

In case of improper use or manipulation of the safety switchgear, personal hazards or damages to machinery or plant components cannot be excluded.

1.7 Exclusion of liability

We shall accept no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from defective mounting or failure to comply with this operating instructions manual. The manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from the use of unauthorised spare parts or accessories.

For safety reasons, invasive work on the device as well as arbitrary repairs, conversions and modifications to the device are strictly forbidden, the manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from such invasive work, arbitrary repairs, conversions and/or modifications to the device.

2. Product description

2.1 Ordering code

This operating instructions manual applies to the following types:

RSS16-1-2-3-4-5 No. Option Description 1 Standard coding 11 Individual coding 12 Individual coding, re-teaching enabled 2 D With diagnostic output SD With serial diagnostic function 3 Without latching With latching, latching force 40 ... 60 N R 4 ST8H With connector plug M12 in the middle CC With cage clamps SK With screw terminals (5) 2982 Applicable up to −30 °C

Actuator

RST16-1	Without latching
RST16-1-R	With latching, latching force 40 60 N

2.2 Special versions

For special versions, which are not listed in the order code below 2.1, these specifications apply accordingly, provided that they correspond to the standard version.

2.3 Purpose

This non-contact, electronic safety sensor is designed for application in safety circuits and is used for monitoring the position of movable safety guards. In this application, the safety sensor monitors the position of hinged, sliding or removable safety guards by means of the coded electronic actuator.

The safety function consists of safely switching off the safety outputs when the safety guard is opened and maintaining the safe switched off condition of the safety outputs for as long as the safety guard is open.

Safety sensors and actuators with latching (ordering suffix -R) must always be used in pairs. The latching force (40...60 N) exercised by the permanent magnet keeps hatches and small guards closed, also in a de-energised condition.

The system can be used as a door end stop up to 5 kg at 0.35 m/s.



At temperatures below -28 °C the system must not be used as an end stop.



The safety switchgears are classified according to EN ISO 14119 as type 4 interlocking devices. Designs with individual coding are classified as highly coded.

The diagnostic output of the safety sensor alternatively can be used as a conventional output or as a "serial output" with input and output channel.

Series-wiring

Series-wiring can be set up. In the case of a series connection, the risk time remains unchanged and the reaction time increases by the sum of the reaction time of the inputs per additional unit specified in the technical data. The quantity of devices is only limited by the cable drops and the external cable fuse protection, according to the technical data. Series-wiring of up to 31 RSS16-...-SD components with serial diagnostics is possible.

Wiring examples for series-wiring, refer to appendix.

The user must evaluate and design the safety chain in accordance with the relevant standards and the required safety level. If multiple safety switchgears are involved in the same safety function, the PFH values of the individual components must be added.



The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to the relevant standards.

2.4. Technical Data

2.4 Technical Data Standards:	EN 60947-5-3, EN ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508
Enclosure:	Plastic, glass-fibre, reinforced thermoplastic
Liloodule.	self-extinguishing
Magnetic latching:	Anchor plate and pole plates
Magnotio latorning.	made of stainless steel 1.4016
Working principle:	RFIE
Frequency band:	125 kHz
Transmitter output:	max. –6 dBn
Coding level according to	
- I1-version:	high
- 12-version:	•
	high
- Standard coding version	
Actuator:	RST 16-1, RST 16-1-F
Fixation sensor:	2 x M5, cylinder head screw
- Washers:	recommended DIN 125A / Form A for M
- Recommended torque	
 Fixing screws connection 	•
Reaction time, switching	
- Actuator:	≤ 100 ms
- Inputs:	≤ 0.5 ms
Duration of risk:	≤ 200 ms
Time to readiness:	≤2 s
Series-wiring:	Unlimited number of components
5	please observe external cable protection
m	ax. 31 components in case of serial diagnostics
Connection:	Connector plug M12, 8-pole, A-coded
	or cable entry M16
Cable type at cage clam	
Cable section:	
- Cage clamps:	10 x 0.5 mm² 1.5 mm²
- Screw terminals:	10 x 0.14 mm ² 1.5 mm ²
	≥ 1 million operations (when used as door stop)
	for safety guards ≤ 5 kg and
	actuating speed ≤ 0.35 m/s
Latabing force (D):	
Latching force (R):	
- front :	approx. 60 N
- front : - from above or below:	approx. 60 N approx . 40 N
- front : - from above or below: Switching distances to	approx. 60 N approx . 40 N EN 60947-5-3:
- front : - from above or below: Switching distances to Typical switching distance	approx. 60 N approx . 40 N EN 60947-5-3: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
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RSS16

Rated impulse withstand	voltage U _{imp} :			800 V			
No-load current I _o :				45 mA			
Overvoltage category:							
Degree of pollution:				3			
Safety inputs X1/X2:							
Rated operating voltage	J _{e1} :	24 VDC -15% / +10					
			(F	PELV unit)			
Current consumption per	input:	5 m/					
Accepted test pulse dura	≤ 1.0 m						
- With test pulse interval			≥ 100 ms				
Classification:		ZVEI CB24					
Sink: C1	Source:	C1	C2	C3			

SILIK.	U		Source.	(J	02	03		
Safety outpu					/ /		cuit proof		
Usage catego	ory: DC-	12, DC-	13: U _e /I _e : 2	4 VDC /	each	ו max. 1	A / 55°C		
DC-12, DC-13: U _e /I _e : 24 VDC / each max. 0.5 A / 65°C									
	DC-12,	DC-13:	U _e /I _e : 24 V	DC / ea	ch m	ax. 0.25	A / 70°C		
Voltage drop	U _d :						≤ 1 V		
Leakage curr	ent I,:						< 0.5 mA		
Test pulse du	iration:						≤ 0.3 ms		
Test pulse int	erval:						1000 ms		
Classification	:					ZV	EI CB24I		
Source:	C2		Sink:	(C1	C2			
Diagnostic o	output:			sho	ort-cir	cuit pro	of, p-type		
Utilisation cat	•		DC-12: U ₂ /I ₂ : 24 VDC / max. 0.05 A						
	0,		DC-13	3: U_/I_:	24 VI	DC / ma	x. 0.05 A		
Voltage drop	U _d :						≤ 2 V		
Serial diagno	ostic:				5	short-cir	cuit proof		
Operating cu	rrent:						150 mA		
Wiring capaci	itance:					m	ax. 50 nF		

g	capacitance:	
	RSS16CC / -SK:	
s	R3310UU/-SR.	

c (UL) us

FC

The power-source has to be an isolated secondary source limited by a Listed fuse rated 3A min. 24VAC/DC. Hub shall be connected to the conduit before the hub is connected to the enclosure.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules and contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s): Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. This device complies with the Nerve Stimulation Exposure Limits (ISED SPR-002) for direct touch operations. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes :

(1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage. (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Cet appareil est conforme aux limites d'exposition relatives à la stimulation des nerfs (ISED CNR-102) pour les opérations tactiles directes. Changements ou modifications non expressément approuvés par K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG pourrait annuler le droit de l'utilisateur à utiliser l'équipement.

Este equipamento nao tem direito àprotecao contra interferência prejudicial e nao pode causar interferencia em sistemas devidamente autorizados. Para maiores informacores consultar: www.gov.br/anatel

2.5 Safety classification

EN ISO 13849-1, IEC 61508
up to e
4
9.0 x 10 ⁻¹¹ / h
1.5 x 10⁻⁵
suitable for SIL 3 applications
20 years

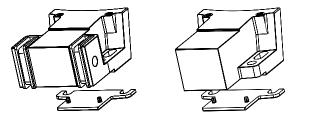
3. Assembly

3.1 General mounting instructions

 $\underline{\mathbb{N}}$

During fitting, the requirements of EN ISO 14119 must be observed.

The mounting holes allow for a mounting with M5 screws. If using slots the sensor should be secured against slipping.



It is recommended to use the attached shims when using the securing slots or placing on a flat surface (not when actuating on the floor).

The component can be mounted in any position. The sensors have three square active surfaces: front side, nameplate side and bottom side opposite the nameplate. One of the active surfaces of the safety sensor and the actuator have to face each other. Maintaining the safe operating distance should be observed $\leq S_{ao}$ and $\geq S_{ar}$.

With a mounting position different to that noted in this description, the resulting switching distances have to be evaluated separately.

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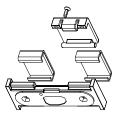
The actuator and the cover for the clamping space must be permanently fitted to the safety guards and protected against displacement by suitable measures (tamperproof screws, gluing, drilling of the screw heads).

To avoid any interference inherent to this kind of system and any reduction of the switching distances, please observe the following guidelines:

- The presence of metal chips in the vicinity of the sensor is liable to modify the switching distance.
- Keep away from metal chips.
- Minimum distance 250 mm between two safety sensors as well as other systems with same frequency (125 kHz)

Actuator RST16-1-R with M5 secure countersunk head screws, slide the anchor plate from the middle to the sides, then the grave safety clip and press-in the safety pin for protection against manipulation .

The recommended tightening torque for the coupling nut of the M12 connection plug is 0.6 Nm. For versions with clamping space sealing M16 cable glands with O-ring must be used.



Accessories (to be ordered separately)

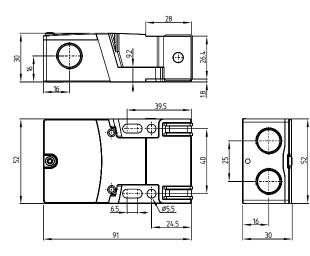
Set of countersunk screws with unidirectional slots for RST16-1 and RST16-1-R

- 2 pieces M5x12, ordering code 101135338
- 2 pieces M5x16, ordering code 101135339
- 2 pieces M5x20, ordering code 101135340

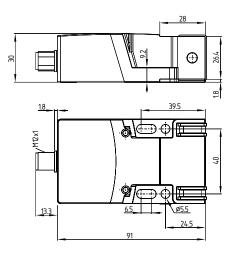
3.2 Dimensions

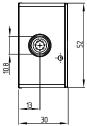
All measurements in mm.

RSS16-...-R-CC / RSS16-...-R-SK

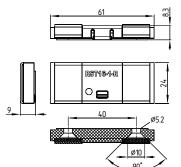


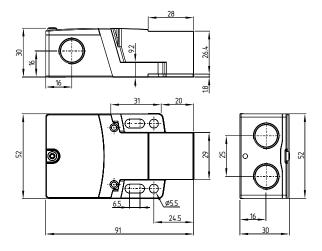
RSS16-...-R-ST8H



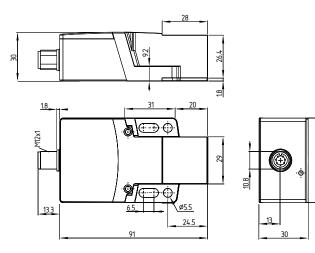


Actuator RST16-1-R

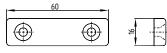


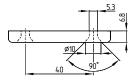


RSS16-...-ST8H



Actuator: RST16-1



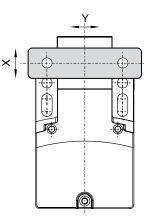


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Alternative suitable actuators with different design: refer to products.schmersal.com.

3.3 Switch distance

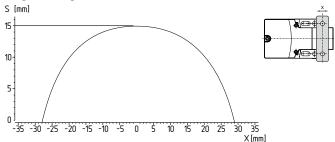
Installing the actuator centrally to the active sensor surface allows a maximum height offset (X) in close vicinity of ± 27 mm. The lateral offset (Y) is max. ± 9 mm. With the latching version the max. height offset (X) is ± 2 mm and the lateral offset (Y) is max. ± 2 mm.



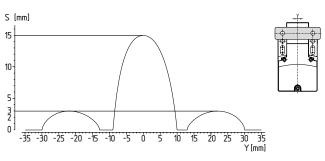
3.4 Actuating curves

The actuating curves represent the typical switching distance of the safety sensor during the approach of the actuator subject to the actuating direction

Height misalignment



Transverse misalignment



Preferred actuation directions: from front or from the X direction. With lateral travel in the Y direction be aware of the side lobes.

3.5 Adjustment

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The continuous signal of the yellow LED signals the actuator detection; the flashing of the yellow LED signals that the safety sensor is actuated in the hysteresis area. The correct functionality of both safety channels must be checked by means of the connected safety-monitoring module.

Recommended Adjustment

Align the safety sensor and actuator at a distance of 0.5 x $\ensuremath{s_{ao}}\xspace$

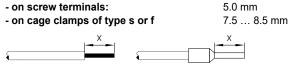
4. Electrical connection

4.1 General information for electrical connection

The electrical connection may only be carried out by authorised personnel in a de-energised condition.

The safety outputs can be integrated into the safety circuit of the control system. For applications of PL e / control category 4 to EN ISO 13849-1, the safety outputs of the safety sensor or of the sensor chain must be wired to a safety monitoring-module of the same control category.

Settle length x of the conductor:



Protection is not required when pilot wires are laid. The cables however must be separated from the supply and energy cables. The required electrical cable fuse protection must be integrated in the installation. The max. fuse rate for a sensor chain depends on the section of the connecting cable of the sensor or the technical specifications.

Requirements for the connected safety-monitoring module

Dual-channel safety input, suitable for p-type sensors with NO function

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Information for the selection of suitable safety-monitoring modules can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: products.schmersal.com.

The safety sensors cyclically switch off the safety output to test them. The safety-monitoring module therefore does not need to be equipped with a cross-wire short detection. The switch-off times must be tolerated by the safety-monitoring module. The switch-off time of the safety sensor is additionally extended depending on the cable length and the capacity of the cable used. A maximum switch-off time of 250 μs is reached with a 200-m connecting cable.

Configuration of the safety-monitoring module If the safety sensor is connected to electronic safety-

monitoring modules, we recommend that you set a discrepancy time of min. 100 ms.

The safety-monitoring module does not need to have a crosswire short monitoring function, if necessary, the cross-wire short monitoring function must be disabled.

4.2 Serial diagnostic -SD

Cable design in case of serial diagnostics



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When wiring SD devices, please observe the voltage drop on the cables and the current carrying capacity of the individual components.

The wiring capacitance of the connecting cable of the safety sensor must not exceed 50 nF.

Depending on the strand structure, normal unshielded 200 m long control cables LIYY 0.25 mm² to 1.5 mm² have a wiring capacitance of approx. 20 - 50 nF.

Accessories for the series-wiring

For convenient wiring and series-wiring of SD components, the SD junction boxes PFB-SD-4M12-SD (variant for the field) and PDM-SD-4CC-SD (variant for control cabinet on carrier rail) are available along with additional comprehensive accessories. Detailed information is available on the Internet, products.schmersal.com.

5. Operating principle and actuator coding

5.1 Mode of operation of the safety outputs

The safety outputs can be integrated into the safety circuit of the control system. The opening of a safety guard, i.e. the actuator is removed out of the active zone of the sensor, will immediately disable the safety outputs of the sensor (switching distances refer to technical data).

Any error that does not immediately affect the functionality of the safety sensor (e.g. too high the ambient temperature, interference potential at a safety output, cross-wire short) will lead to a warning message, the disabling of the diagnostic output and the delayed shut-down of the safety outputs. safety outputs are disabled if the error warning is active for 30 minutes.

The signal combination, diagnostic output disabled and safety channels still enabled, can be used to stop the production process in a controlled manner.

After fault rectification, the error message is reset by opening and reclosing the corresponding safety guard. The safety outputs enable and allow a restart.

For devices with serial diagnostic, a bit can be set/deleted in the call telegram to reset the fault.

5.2 Actuator coding

Safety sensors with standard coding are ready to use upon delivery.

Individually coded safety sensors and actuators will require the following "teach-in" procedure:

- 1. Switch the safety sensor's voltage supply off and back on.
- Introduce the actuator in the detection range. The teach-in procedure is signalled at the safety sensor, red LED on, yellow LED flashes (1 Hz).
- 3. After 10 seconds, brief cyclic flashes (3 Hz) request the switch-off of the operating voltage of the safety sensor. (If the voltage is not switched off within 5 minutes, the safety sensor cancels the "teachin" procedure and signals a false actuator by 5 red flashes).
- 4. After the operating voltage is switched back on, the actuator must be detected once more in order to activate the taught actuator code. In this way, the activated code is definitively saved!

For ordering suffix -I1, the thus executed allocation of safety sensor and actuator is irreversible.

For ordering suffix -I2, the "teach-in" procedure for a new actuator can be repeated an unlimited number of times. When a new actuator is taught, the code, which was applicable until that moment, becomes invalid. Subsequent to that, an enabling inhibit will be active for ten minutes, thus providing for an increased protection against tampering. The green LED will flash until the expiration of the time of the enabling inhibit (time of the tampering protection) and the detection of the new actuator. In case of power failure during the lapse of time, the 10-minutes tampering protection time will restart.

6. Diagnostic functions

6.1 Operating principle of the diagnostic LEDs

The safety sensor indicates the operating condition and faults by means of three-colour LEDs.



The following LED indicators are the same for safety sensors with conventional diagnostic output as for those with a serial diagnostic function.

The green LED indicates that the safety sensor is ready for operation. The supply voltage is on and all safety inputs are present. Flashing (1Hz) of the green LED signals a fault on one or both of the safety inputs (X1 and/or X2).

The yellow LED always signals the presence of an actuator within range. If the actuator is operating near the limit of the hysteresis range of the safety sensor, the yellow LED is flashing. The flashing and even 2 Hz clocking diagnostic output can be used to prematurely detect variations in the clearance between the sensor and the actuator (e.g. sagging of a safety guard). The sensor must be adjusted before the distance to the actuator increases and before the safety outputs are disabled, thus stopping the machine.

If an error is detected, the red LED will be activated.

Flash codes red diagnostic LEDs

LED display		Error cause
1 flash pulse		Error output Y1
2 flash pulses		Error output Y2
3 flash pulses		Cross-wire Y1/Y2
4 flash pulses		Ambient temperature too high
5 flash pulses		Incorrect or defective actuator
Continuous red		Internal error
Continuous red wi	th yellow flashing	Teach-in procedure

6.2 Operating principle of the electronic diagnostic output

A diagnostic output additionally indicates the operating condition (refer to table 1). These signals can be used in a downstream control.

The short-circuit proof diagnostic output OUT can be used for central visualisation or control functions, e.g. in a PLC. It indicates the switching condition as shown in the table 1.

Error

Errors, which no longer guarantee the function of the safety sensor (internal errors) cause the safety outputs to be disabled within the risk time. Any error that does not immediately affect the safe functionality of the safety sensor (e.g. the ambient temperature too high, interference potential at a safety output, cross-wire short) will lead to a delayed shutdown (refer to table 2).

After the rectification of the error, the error message is reset by opening the corresponding safety guard.

Error warning

The diagnostic output can also be used to detect clearance variations between the sensor and the actuator in the same way as the yellow LED. An active fault is visualised by the red LED and causes the diagnostic output to be disabled. The safety outputs are disabled after max. 30 minutes if the fault is not rectified. This signal combination, diagnostic output disabled and safety channels still enabled, can be used to stop the production process in a controlled manner.

Table 1: Examples of the diagnostic function of the safety-sensor with conventional diagnostic output

Sensor function		function LED's			Diagnostic output	Safety outputs	s Comments				
		Green	Red	Yellow		Y1, Y2					
Ι.	Supply voltage	On	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	Voltage on, no evaluation of the voltage quality.				
II.	Actuated	On	Off	On	24 V	24 V	The yellow LED always signals the presence of an actuator within range.				
111.	Actuated in limit area	On	Off	Flashes (1 Hz)	24 V pulsed (approx. 2 Hz)	24 V	The sensor must be adjusted before the distance to the actuator increases and before the safety outputs are disabled, thus stopping the machine.				
IV.	Error warning, sensor actuated	Off	Flashes	On	0 V	24 V	After 30 minutes if the error is not rectified.				
V.	Error	Off	Flashes	On	0 V	0 V	Refer to table with flash codes.				
VI.	Teach target	Off	On	Flashes	0 V	0 V	Sensor in teaching mode.				
VII.	Protection time	Flashes	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	10 minutes pause after re-teaching.				
VIII.	No input signal at X1 and/or X2	Flashes (1 Hz)	Off	Off	0 V	0 V	Example: door open; a door in the safety circuit upstream is also open.				
IX.	No input signal at X1 and/or X2	Flashes (1 Hz)	Off	On	24 V	0 V	Example: door closed, a door in the safety circuit upstream is open.				

6.3 Safety-sensors with serial diagnostic function

Safety sensors with serial diagnostic function have a serial input and output instead of the conventional diagnostic output. If RSS / CSS safety sensors are wired in series, the safety channels as well as the inputs and outputs of the diagnostic channels are wired in series.

Max. 31 safety switchgear with serial diagnostics can be wired in series. For the evaluation of the serial diagnostics line either the PROFIBUS-Gateway SD-I-DP-V0-2 or the Universal-Gateway SD-I-U-... are used. This SD-Gateway is integrated as a slave in an existing field bus system. In this way, the diagnostic signals can be evaluated by means of a PLC. The necessary software for the integration of the SD-Gateway is available for download at products.schmersal.com.

The response data and the diagnostic data are automatically and permanently written in the assigned input byte of the PLC for each safety sensor in the series-wired chain.

The request data for each safety sensor are transmitted to the device through an output byte of the PLC.

In the event of a communication error between the SD-Gateway and the safety sensor, the switching condition of the safety output of the safety sensor is maintained.

Bit 0: safety outputs enabled

- Bit 1: safety sensor actuated, actuator identified
- Bit 4: both safety inputs live
- Bit 5: safety sensor actuated in hysteresis area
- Bit 6: error warning, switch-off delay activated
- Bit 7: error, safety outputs switched off

Error

A fault has occurred, which causes the safety outputs to be disabled. The fault is reset, when the cause is eliminated and bit 7 of the request byte changes from 1 to 0 or the safety guard is opened. Faults at the safety outputs are only deleted upon the next release, as the fault rectification cannot be detected sooner.

Error warning

A fault has occurred, which causes the safety outputs to be disabled after 30 minutes. The safety outputs initially remain enabled. This enables the shutdown of the process in a controlled manner. An error warning is deleted when the error cause is eliminated.

Diagnostic error (warning)

If an error (warning) is signalled in the response byte, detailed fault information can be read out.

Detailed information about the use of the serial diagnostics can be found in the operating instructions of the PROFIBUS-Gateway SD-I-DP-V0-2 and the Universal-Gateway SD-I-U-....

Table 2: Function of the visual diagnostic LEDs, the serial status signals and the safety outputs by means of an example

System condition	LED's			Safety outputs Y1, Y2	Status signals serial dia tic byte Bit n°				liagı	nos-		
	green	red	yellow		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Non-actauted, inputs X1 and X2 enabled	On	Off	Off	0 V	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Actuated, safety outputs enabled	On	Off	On	24 V	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated in limit area	On	Off	Flashes (1Hz)	24 V	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated, warning	Off	Flashes	On	24 V	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
Actuated, fault	Off	On/flashes	On	0 V	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0

The shown bit order of the diagnostic byte is an example. A different combination of the operational conditions will lead to a change of the bit order.

Table 3: Tabular overview of status signals, warnings or error messages

Communication directions: Request byte: Warning/error byte:

Response byte:

from the PLC to the local safety sensor from the local safety sensor to the PLC from the local safety sensor to the PLC

Bit n°	Request byte	Response byte	Diagnostics		
			Error warnings	Error messages	
Bit 0:	—	Safety output activated	Error output Y1	Error output Y1	
Bit 1:	_	Actuator detected	Error output Y2	Error output Y2	
Bit 2:	_		Cross-wire Y1/Y2	Cross-wire Y1/Y2	
Bit 3:	_	<u> </u>	Temperature too high	Temperature too high	
Bit 4:	_	Input condition X1 and X2		Wrong or defective actuator	
Bit 5:	_	Actuated in limit area	Internal device error	Internal device error	
Bit 6:	_	Error warning	Communication error between the field bus	—	
			Gateway and the safety sensor		
Bit 7:	Error reset	Error		—	
		(enabling path switched off)			

The described condition is reached, when Bit = 1

7. Set-up and maintenance

7.1 Functional testing

The safety function of the safety components must be tested.

- The following conditions must be previously checked and met:
- 1. Fitting of the sensor and the actuator.
- 2. Fitting and integrity of the power cable.
- 3. The system is free of dirt and soiling (in particular metal chips).

7.2 Maintenance

In the case of correct installation and adequate use, the safety sensor features maintenance-free functionality.

A regular visual inspection and functional test, including the following steps, is recommended:

- 1. Check the safety function
- 2. Check the fitting and integrity of the safety sensor, the actuator and the cable.
- 3. Remove possible metal chips.



Adequate measures must be taken to ensure protection against tampering either to prevent tampering of the safety guard, for instance by means of replacement actuators.

Damaged or defective components must be replaced.

8. Disassembly and disposal

8.1 Disassembly

The safety switchgear must be disassembled in a de-energised condition only.

8.2 Disposal

The safety switchgear must be disposed of in an appropriate manner in accordance with the national prescriptions and legislations.

9. Appendix

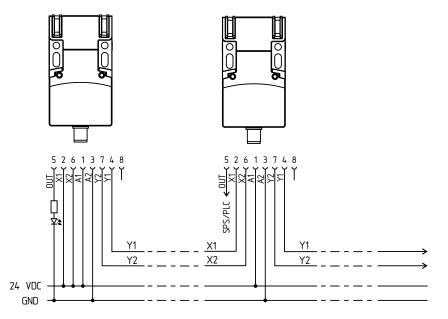
The application examples shown are suggestions. They however do not release the user from carefully checking whether the switchgear and its set-up are suitable for the individual application.

9.1 Wiring examples

Wiring example 1:

Series-wiring of the RSS 16 with conventional diagnostic output

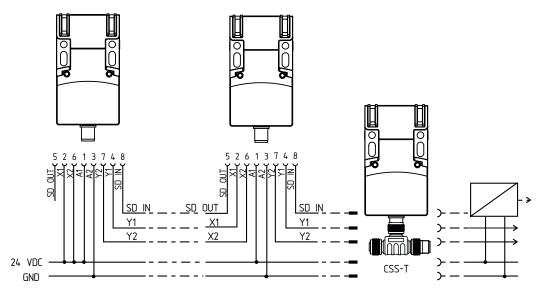
The voltage is supplied to both safety inputs of the last safety sensor of the chain (considered from the safety-monitoring module). The safety outputs of the first safety sensor are wired to the safety-monitoring module. The diagnostic output can be connected for instance to a PLC.



Y1 and Y2 = Safety outputs \rightarrow dual-channel safety monitoring module

Wiring example 2: series-wiring of the RSS 16 with serial diagnostic function

In devices with the serial diagnostics function (ordering suffix -SD), the serial diagnostics connections are wired in series and connected to a SD-Gateway for evaluation purposes. The voltage is supplied to both safety inputs of the last safety sensor of the chain (considered from the safety-monitoring module). The safety outputs of the first safety sensor are wired to the safety-monitoring module. The serial diagnostic Gateway is connected to the serial diagnostic input of the first safety sensor.



Y1 and Y2 = Safety outputs \rightarrow dual-channel safety monitoring module SD-IN \rightarrow Gateway \rightarrow Field bus

9.2 Wiring configuration and connector accessories

Functi	on safety switchgea	r	Pin configuration of the connector	Colour code of the Schmersal connector	poss. Colour codes of c connecto	
	with conventional diagnostic output	with serial diagnostic function			Signalling output EN 60947-5-2	to DIN 47100
A1	U	e	1	BN	BN	WH
X1	Safety	input 1	2	WH	WH	BN
A2	GN	1D	3	BU	BU	GN
Y1	Safety c	output 1	4	BK	BK	YE
OUT	Diagnostic output	SD output	5	GY	GY	GY
X2	Safety	input 2	6	VT	PK	PK
Y2	Safety c	output 2	7	RD	VT	BU
IN	without function	SD input	8	PK	OR	RD

Connecting cables with coupling (female) IP67 / IP69, M12, 8-pole - 8 x 0.25 mm² to DIN 47100

Connecting cables with coupling (female) IP69K, M12, 8-pole – 8 x 0,21 mm²

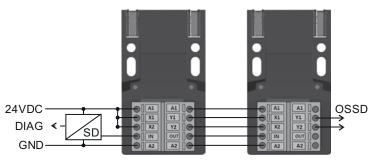
Cable length	Part number	Cable length	Part number
2.5 m	103011415	5.0 m	101210560
5.0 m	103007358	5.0 m, angled	101210561
10.0 m	103007359	10.0 m	103001389
15.0 m	103011414	15.0 m	103014823
15.0 M	103011414	15.0 M	103014823

Assignment of terminals

The supply terminals A1 and A2 are each doubled. The input terminals X1/X2 have to be supplied either from the upstream safety sensor outputs or parallel to A1 with +24 V.







(EN)

10. EU Declaration of conformity

EU Declaration of conf	,					
Original	K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal Germany Internet: www.schmersal.com					
We hereby certify that the hereafter descr to the applicable European Directives.	ibed components	both in their basic design and construction conforr				
Name of the component:	RSS16	RSS16				
Туре:	See ordering co	See ordering code				
Description of the component:	Non-contact sa	fety sensor				
Relevant Directives:	2006/42/EC 2014/53/EU 2011/65/EU	Machinery Directive RED-Directive RoHS-Directive				
Applied standards:	EN 60947-5-3:2013 EN 300 330 V2.1.1:2017 EN ISO 14119:2013 EN ISO 13849-1:2015 IEC 61508 parts 1-7:2010					
Notified body for Type Examination:	TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH Am Grauen Stein, 51105 Köln ID n°: 0035					
EC-Type Examination Certificate:	01/205/5412.02/20					
Person authorised for the compilation of the technical documentation:	Oliver Wacker Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal					
Place and date of issue:	Wuppertal, Oct					
	Authorised sign Philip Schmer					

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The currently valid declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the internet at products.schmersal.com.

X CE

K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG Möddinghofe 30, 42279 Wuppertal Germany

 Phone:
 +49 202 6474-0

 Telefax:
 +49 202 6474-100

 E-Mail:
 info@schmersal.com

 Internet:
 www.schmersal.com